

## WARNINGS

- Parasites need to start feeding on the host to become exposed to fluralaner; therefore, the risk of the transmission of parasite borne diseases cannot be excluded.
- The use of **Bravecto® Plus** should be based on the assessment of each individual case and on local epidemiological information about the current susceptibility of the target species, in order to limit the possibility of a future selection for resistance. Parasite control is recommended throughout the period of potential infestation risk.
- The efficacy of **Bravecto® Plus** in controlling tapeworm infestations in cats has not yet been determined.
- Keep **Bravecto® Plus** in the original packaging until use.
- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN, UNINFORMED PERSONS AND ANIMALS.
- Dispose of empty containers and unused product according to local waste disposal regulations and do not reuse for any other purpose.
- The safety of **Bravecto® Plus** has not been established during pregnancy and lactation. Use only according to the benefit-risk assessment by the responsible veterinarian.
- Although this remedy has been extensively tested under a large variety of conditions, failure thereof may ensue as a result of a wide range of reasons. If this is suspected, seek veterinary advice and notify the registration holder.

## PRECAUTIONS

- Cats in areas endemic for heartworm (or those which have travelled to endemic areas) may be infected with adult heartworms. No therapeutic effect against adult *D. immitis* has been established. It is therefore recommended, in accordance with good veterinary practice, that all animals 6 months of age or more, living in areas where a vector exists should be tested for existing adult heartworm infections before beginning preventive use with **Bravecto® Plus**. • To ensure continuous prevention of heartworm disease, a repetition of treatment is necessary at 3-month intervals. At the time of treatment, **Bravecto® Plus** is effective against *D. immitis* larvae (L3 and L4), which have developed in the previous 30 days and against incoming *D. immitis* larvae (L3 and L4) for the subsequent 60 days.
- Prevention of heartworm disease in cats that are only temporarily in endemic areas should start at the latest within 1 month after the first expected exposure to mosquitoes and should be continued at 12-week intervals until return to a non-endemic area.
- For the treatment of infestations with the gastrointestinal nematodes *T. cati* and *A. tubaeforme*, the need for, and the frequency of retreatment as well as the choice of the treatment (monosubstance or combination product) should be evaluated by the prescribing veterinarian.
- Parasite resistance to any particular class of anthelmintic may develop following frequent, repeated use of an anthelmintic of that class under specific circumstances. The use of **Bravecto® Plus** should be based on the assessment of each individual case and on local epidemiological information about the current susceptibility of the target species in order to limit the possibility of a future selection for resistance. Parasite control is recommended throughout the period of potential infestation risk.
- Avoid frequent swimming or shampooing the animal because the maintenance of effectiveness of **Bravecto® Plus** in these cases has not been tested.

### Special precautions for use in animals

- Care should be taken to avoid contact with the eyes of the animal.
- Do not use directly on skin lesions.
- In the absence of available data, treatment of kittens younger than 9 weeks of age and cats less than 1,2 kg bodyweight should be based on a benefit-risk assessment by the responsible veterinarian.
- Treatment of male breeding animals is not recommended due to an observed decrease in spermatogenesis in male rats during toxicology studies of moxidectin. The impact of **Bravecto® Plus** on mating performance, sperm quality, fertility or offspring data has not been tested in male cats.
- **Bravecto® Plus** should not be administered at intervals shorter than 8 weeks as the safety at shorter intervals has not been tested.
- **Bravecto® Plus** is for topical use and should not be administered orally.
- It is important to apply the dose as indicated to prevent the animal from licking and ingesting the product.
- Do not allow recently treated animals to groom each other.
- Do not allow treated animals to come into contact with untreated animals until the application site is dry.

### Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals

- **Bravecto® Plus** is harmful after ingestion.
- Keep **Bravecto® Plus** in the original packaging until use, in order to prevent children from getting direct access to the product.
- A used pipette should immediately be disposed of.
- In case of accidental ingestion, seek medical advice and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician.
- This product, and the wet skin of a recently treated animal, may be slightly irritating to the skin and moderately irritating to the eyes.
- Avoid contact with skin, mouth and/or eye, including hand-to-mouth and/or hand-to-eye contact.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling the product.
- Do not come into contact or allow children to come into contact with the application site until it is dry; it is therefore recommended to treat the animal in the evening. On the day of treatment, treated animals should not be permitted to sleep in the same bed as their owner, especially children.
- Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water immediately after use of the product. If skin contact does occur, wash the affected area immediately with water. In some cases, water is not sufficient to remove the product spilled on the fingers. If a sticky residue persists on the skin after washing with water, then this can be removed using household items containing organic solvents [e.g. rubbing alcohol (ethanol, isopropyl alcohol) or nail polish remover (acetone)] applied gently with a swab.
- In case of contact with the eyes, immediately rinse thoroughly with water.
- The product is highly flammable. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames or other sources of ignition.